## Chapter 44

είς, μια, έν - one

# 44.1 The Declension of είς, μια, έν - "one"

είς, μια, έν follows a First Declension pattern for the Feminine, and a Third Declension pattern for Masculine and Neuter endings. There is no plural.

	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter
Nominative	είς	μια	έν
Accusative	ένα	μιαν	έν
Genitive	ένος	μιας	ένος
Dative	ένι	μια	ένι

Practice - until you can read and translate easily

1. ένος δε έστιν χρεια. Of one (thing) (only) there is a need. (Luke 38:42)

2. και οἱ πρωτοι . . ἐγογγυζον . . λεγοντες, And the first were grumbling, saying, Ούτοι οἱ ἐσχατοι μιαν ώραν ποιησαν. "These last(comers) worked one hour." (see Matt. 20:10-12)

3. και λιαν πρωΐ τη μια των σαββατων And very early in the morning on the first of the έρχονται έπι το μνημειον. Sabbath, they come (on)to the tomb. (Mark 16:2) ("the first of the Sabbath" = the first day after the Sabbath. The days of the Week did not have names)

4. και γενησονται μια ποιμνη, είς ποιμην. And they will be one flock, one shepherd. (John 10:16)

5. και έγενετο έν μια των ήμερων και αὐτος ἦν διδασκων...

6. ἐμβας δε εἰς ἑν των πλοιων, ὃ ἦν Σιμωνος, ήρωτησεν αὐτον άπο της γης έπαναγαγειν όλιγον.

7. και έσθιοντων αύτων είπεν, Άμην

8. και ἠρξαντο λεγειν αὐτφ είς έκαστος, And each one (they) began to say to him, Μητι έγω είμι, κυριε;

9. οί μαθηται αύτου ήρξαντο λεγειν αύτω είς κατα είς, Μητι έγω;

10. οἱ ἀνθρωποι ἐξηλθον εἰς καθ' εἰς.

And (it happened that) on one of the days he also was teaching . . . (Luke 5:17)

Having got into one of the boats, which was Simon's, he asked him to put out from the land

a little (distance). (*Luke 5:3*) And while they were eating, he said. "Truly, I say

λεγω ύμιν ότι είς έξ ύμων παραδωσει με. to you that one of you will betray me. (Matt. 26:21)

"Surely not I, Lord?" (Matt. 26:22)

His disciples began to say to him one after the other, "Surely it's not me?" (see Mark 14:19)

The men went out one after the other. (see John 8:9)

### Modern Greek has changed the Declension slightly

	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter
Nominative	ένας	μια	ένα
Accusative	ένα, έναν	μια, μιαν	ένα
Genitive	ένος	μιας	ένος
(there is no Dative)			

To order a cup of coffee: ένα καφες (HEN-nah kah-FEH) To order a glass of beer: μια μπιρα (MEE-ah mPEE-rah) And to be polite, add "please" : παρακαλω (para-kah-LO)

## 44.2 Negation: οὐδεις, οὐδεμια, οὐδεν and μηδεις, μηδεμια, μηδεν

Forms with the  $0\dot{0}\delta$ - prefix are used with the Indicative form of a verb. All other forms use the  $\mu\eta\delta$ - prefix. They may be translated as "none", "not one", "no-one" (Masculine and Feminine), "nothing" (Neuter). Greek (in contrast to English) may use a "Double Negative"

e.g. οὐ βλεπω οὐδενα. = (I do not see no-one.) = "I don't see anyone."

	Use with Indicative		Use with a	Use with all other forms of the verb		
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter
Nom. Acc. Gen. Dat.	ούδεις ούδενα ούδενος ούδενι	ούδεμια ούδεμιαν ούδεμιας ούδεμια		μηδεις μηδενα μηδενος μηδενι	μηδεμια μηδεμιαν μηδεμιας μηδεμια	μηδεν μηδεν μηδενος μηδενι

**Practice** - until you can read and translate easily

1.	ούδεις άγαθος εί	μη είς ὁ θεος.	No-one (is) good except one - God.

(Matt. 19:17 variant reading)

(Matt. 17:8)

2. και οὐδεις ἐπιγινωσκει τον υίον No-one knows the son

εί μη ὁ πατηρ.

except the father. (Matt. 11:27) 3. ἐπαραντες δε τους ὀφθαλμους αὐτων Having lifted up their eyes

ούδενα είδον εί μη αὐτον Ίησουν μονον.

they saw no-one except

Jesus himself alone.

4. και άναστας ὁ άρχιερευς εἰς μεσον

έπηρωτησεν τον Ίησουν λεγων,

Ούκ ἀποκρινη ούδεν;

5. και έξελθουσαι έφυγον άπο του μνημειου...και ούδενι ούδεν είπαν...

6. και έπετιμησεν αὐτοις ίνα μηδενι λεγωσιν περι αύτου.

7. μηδεις το έαυτου ζητειτω άλλα το του έτερου.

questioned Jesus, saying, "Do you not answer anything?" (Mark 14:60)

And having gone out (women - Fem. plural), they fled from the tomb . . . and

And the High Priest, having stood up in the middle,

they said nothing to anyone (to no-one). (Mark 16:8)

And he warned them that

they should speak to no-one about him. (Mark 8:30)

Let no-one seek his own (thing)

but the (thing) of the other (person). (1 Cor. 10:24)

( ζητειτω - 3rd. Person Imperative, singular, see Section 18.6)

8. μηδενι μηδεν ὀφειλετε,

εί μη το άλληλους άγαπαν.

9. οὐκετι γαρ ἐτολμων ἐπερωταν αύτον ούδεν.

10. ὁ δε Πιλατος είπεν προς τους άρχιερεις και τους όχλους, Ούδεν εύρισκω αίτιον έν τω άνθρωπω τουτω.

Owe nothing to no-one (anyone) except to love one another.

(Rom. 13:8)

They no longer dared to ask (to continue asking) him anything. (Luke 20:40)

But Pilate said to the High Priests

and to the crowds, "I find no

guilt in this man." (Luke 23:4)

Modern Greek uses ὀχι (OHE-khee - slight change of spelling and pronunciation from οὐχι) for "No" with nouns, or for "No" in answer to a question.

Far more commonly-occurring is  $\delta \varepsilon V$  (pronounced as English "then") derived from  $0\dot{\vartheta}\delta \varepsilon V$ , and used for "not" with verbs.

For "Yes" modern Greek still uses val, but pronounced NEH.

### 44.3 Sentences for reading and translation

1. και όστις σε άγγαρευσει μιλιον έν, ύπαγε μετ' αύτου δυο. (Matt. 5:41)

2. τοτε σταυρουνται συν αύτω δυο λησται,

είς ἐκ δεξιων και είς ἐξ εὐωνυμων. (Matt. 27:38)

3. δια τουτο έν μια ήμερα ήξουσιν αί πληγαι αύτης, θανατος και πενθος και λιμος. (Rev. 18:8) 4. Ἡ οὐαι ἡ μια ἀπηλθεν, ίδου ἐρχεται ἐτι δυο οὐαι μετα ταυτα. (Rev. 9:12) 5. ἀνθρωποι δυο ἀνεβησαν είς το ίερον..., ό είς Φαρισαιος και ό έτερος τελωνης. (see Luke 18:10) 6. οὐκ ἐστιν δικαιος οὐδε είς. (Romans 3:10) 7. παντες γαρ ύμεις είς έστε έν Χριστω Ίησου. (Gal. 3:28) 8. Διο παρακαλειτε άλληλους και οἰκοδομειτε είς τον ένα, καθως και ποιειτε. (1 Thess. 5:11) 9. και ίδων συκην μιαν έπι της όδου ήλθεν έπ' αύτην, και ούδεν εύρεν έν αύτη εί μη φυλλα μονον. (Matt. 21:19) 10. και είπεν προς αύτους, Μηδεν αίρετε είς την όδον... (Luke 9:3) **44.4 Writing Practice**: Write the Greek, while saying aloud (Matt. 5:10-11 μακαριοι οί δεδιωγμενοι Happy are the ones "having been persecuted" ένεκεν δικαιοσυνης, who have been persecuted on account of righteousness ότι αὐτων ἐστιν ἡ βασιλεια των οὐρανων. for theirs is the Kingdom of the heavens. μακαριοι έστε όταν όνειδισωσιν ύμας Happy are you when(ever) they insult/denounce you και διωξωσιν και είπωσιν and persecute (you) and say παν πονηρον καθ' ύμων ψευδομενοι every evil thing against you falsely ένεκεν έμου. on account of me. 44.5 New Testament Passages for reading and translation: Matt. 6:24, Ephes. 4: 4-6 In your Greek New Testament, read the passages aloud several times until you can read them without long pauses or stumbling. Then use the translation helps to translate them. δυσι two (Dative of  $\delta vo$  - two) άνθεξεται he will be loyal to (Future of  $\dot{\alpha} \nu \tau \epsilon \gamma \omega$  - I am loyal to, hold firmly to) καταφρονησει he will despise (Future of καταφρονεω - I despise, look down on) money, wealth (Dative of  $\dot{o}$   $\mu\alpha\mu\mu\omega\nu\alpha\varsigma$ ,  $-\alpha$  - money, wealth) μαμωνα έκληθητε you were called (Aorist Passive of καλεω - I call) (Genitive of  $\dot{\eta}$   $\kappa\lambda\eta\sigma\iota\varsigma$ , - $\varepsilon\omega\varsigma$  - call, calling, station in life) κλησεως call 44.6 Vocabulary to learn είς, μία, ἕν one μηδείς, μηδεμία, μηδέν none, no-one, nothing, not one ούδείς, ούδεμία, ούδέν none, no-one, nothing, not one ( used with Indicative) ( hoping for the answer "No") μήτι; surely not? οὐχί; surely? can it be? ( hoping for the answer "Yes") άγγαρεύω I force, press into service ἐπαναγάγω I put out to sea, bring up έπερωτάω I question, interrogate, ask γογγύζω I grump, grumble, complain, mutter ήκω I am present, I have come ποιμαίνω I care for sheep, tend a flock, lead like a shepherd τολμάω I dare, I am brave το αἴτιον guilt, cause ό λιμός famine, hunger, lack το μίλιον mile (a Roman mile, a thousand - "mille" - paces, approx. 1618 yards)

 $\dot{\eta}$  πληγή blow, calamity, wound, plague

ὁ ποιμήν, -ένος shepherd

ἡ ποίμνη flock ( of sheep) ὁ πένθος grief, mourning

το φύλλον leaf (hence "foliage")

εὐώνυμος, -ον left (as opposed to right)

λίαν very, greatly, exceedingly

οὐκέτι no longer (οὐκ + ἐτι - still)

πρωί morning, early morning, early in the morning